

# KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

JNO F. ZIMMERMAN & SON,  
Publishers.

(Devoted to News, Politics, Internal Improvement, and General Information.)

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## KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, BY  
JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON.  
OFFICE—Third street, north of Main.

**TERMS.**  
Per annum, in advance, \$2 00  
Within six months, 2 50  
At the end of the year, 3 00  
Continuing same until election, 1 00  
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publishers.

### ADVERTISING.

For each square of 12 lines or less, first insertion, \$1 00  
Each additional insertion, 25  
For Post and Procession Notices, each, 1 50  
Announcing a candidate for any office, 1 00  
Continuing same until election, 1 00  
Announcement fees to be paid in advance.  
A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers.  
Advertisements of a personal character, charged double.  
Notices of Religious and Public Meetings, Marriages and Deaths, published free.  
Obituary Notices, exceeding 12 lines in length, charged as advertisements.

**JOB-WORK.**  
Of every description, promptly attended to in a best style, on reasonable terms.

### PORTICAL.

#### One by One.

One by one the sands are flowing,  
One by one the moments fall;  
Some are coming, some are going,  
Do not strive to grasp them all.  
  
One by one thy duties wait thee,  
Let thy whole strength go to each,  
Let no future days elate thee,  
Learn thou first what these can teach.  
  
One by one, (bright gifts from Heaven,)  
Joy is sent thee here below;  
Take them readily when given,  
Ready too to let them go.  
  
One by one thy griefs shall meet thee,  
Do not fear an armed band;  
One will fade as others greet thee,  
Shadows passing through the land.  
  
Do not look at life's long sorrow;  
See how small each moment's pain;  
God will help thee for to-morrow,  
Every day begin again.  
  
Every hour that fleets so slowly,  
Has its task to do or bear;  
Luminous the crown, and holy,  
If thou set each gem with care.  
  
Do not linger with regretting,  
Or for passing hours despond;  
Nor, the daily toil, forgetting,  
Look too eagerly beyond.  
  
Hours are golden links, God's token,  
Reaching Heaven; but one by one,  
Take them, lest the chain be broken,  
Ere the pilgrimage be done.  
  
Household Words.

KN—OWE Nothing's—A New Order.—We have opened a new order, to which we respectfully solicit members. There are no personal qualifications required for membership, and any one who can command the initiation fee, (Two Dollars,) is welcome to come in. The ceremonies to us are very interesting. The applicant for initiation enters our sanctum without rapping, and gives the pass-word, "I want to pay my subscription to the Palladium," to which we reply very politely, "yes sir." The candidate then pulls out his wallet and forks over the fee, when we enter on our subscription book opposite his name, "Paid up to—" a year in advance. He is then fully initiated into the first degree of the order. The second degree consists merely in paying for two years in advance. The members thus initiated, have the peculiar satisfaction resulting from a consciousness that they read their own paper. They can also, with much better grace, give the editors' particular Jesse if they fail to receive the paper regularly, or if anything is published which does not exactly suit their fancy.—*Richmond Palladium.*

Keep Cool.—Times are exciting, warm weather is approaching, mosquitoes are in the prospect, and other insects in the present, men have got wonderfully gnarled and principles ditto, cash is tight and credit tighter, and the man that put his boots to bed the other night, and laid himself at his room door to be polished, is tightest. In view of this condition of affairs, we counsel the reader to keep cool.

It is a curious fact that at parties, balls, or wherever a refreshment table is spread, every man seems to regard it as his just duty to fill himself to the very mouth with all the delicacies of the season, and to accomplish it the least time possible—as if he was a gun, and anxious to ascertain his calibre, and find out how quickly he could be loaded in case of necessity.

High Ground.—America is the only country on earth that can by possibility lay any claim to the national capital of the globe. The riches of Lieut. Maury have demonstrated by wind and wave, it is down stream from the north to the south, and that all nations are to reach it. With an ocean on its power descends with celerity on the sphere; and that, too, the deepest interior of our territory.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### THE DEAD ALIVE.

Effie and the Cobbler's Apprentice.  
BY OUR FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

Not many years ago, in one of the principal streets of our city and directly opposite to where one spring and summer I was boarding—standing between two stately edifices occupied by people of consideration in the commercial world, was an old hotel of a brick building, a tumble down affair, such as are allowed to stand as relics of old Knickerbocker's prime—which interested me much.

The first floor presented an unostentatious shop where three of all sizes were exhibited for sale, and the second floor was occupied by what appeared to be the family of the owner. A sign on the front door proclaimed the fact that boots and shoes were mended and made by James Keenan, and those who wished their undershirts repaired or refitted were directed to the third floor. From the high window of the shop, I could see a pretty much all that transpired in that cobbler's den; the cobbler himself a savage monster, whose inkblot acts made the blood curdle with pity and horror within my walls. Two poor, pale, and somewhat crippled lads, which I judged to be of the respective ages of 16 and 19 years, who toiled away at the thread and the last from the first dawn of day until far in the night, rarely ever getting an opportunity to go into the street, were the special objects against which the savage fury of the boss' shoemaker seemed most unkindly. In spite of their incessant industry, I often saw the monster, the White Arabian tyrant, their master, in the fits of semi-irritation which daily overtook him, beating with a leather strap the almost bare backs of the poor forsaken slaves under his control, and frequently sending them forth upon the floor.

At the low open window of one of the small rooms in front, I often saw the rather unromantic spectacle of an old woman sitting with her bare feet on the window sill and sipping her tea. But it was at the window of the other small room in front, that the object of my chief speculation appeared, sometimes sitting at a small table, partly behind the rude and ungainly apology for a curtain. Early in the morning for a short time she appeared, and always with a small book in her hand, as though reading; and late in the evening also, through the folds of the curtain, I often saw the shadow of her graceful form sitting about the room. Occasionally she approached close to the window, and the dim tallow candle that lighted her room, gave me a glimpse of one of the sweetest, saddest faces I remember ever to have seen.

How a young, beautiful creature who seemed by nature to well fitted to grace the highest walks of life should have come to make that old hunchbacked hovel, her home, as seemed to be the case, standing out in such marked contrast, in all things save poverty, from all around her, was to me a mystery of an small importance. Yet such was the case. I saw her day after day. She seemed not more than sixteen, and was always dressed in neatly fitting clothes, very tastefully arranged, and though of the cheapest fabrics, also of most modest patterns. In fact, she appeared an angel among wretched mortals. And with her lovely face and form, she seemed like one who was gradually being spirited away to avoid the rudeness and harshness which surrounded her. Her features were finely turned and distinctly marked, her eye large, dark, and full, speaking out from beneath her noble and spotless forehead, to tell of intelligence of nature, of a great soul and a warm heart awaying the impulses of a form that seemed too celestial in its mien to endure long among the coarse, rude clay around her.

The weather had become very warm, and my patients for the most part being out of town, and the city being provokingly healthy, I had very little else to do than to sit at the front window of my office below stairs, and at my front window above stairs and read—books and humanity. For several days, I had missed from her window the beautiful occupant of the fourth story, also the regular out-going and in-coming of that beautiful girl. I had for weeks observed that she always left the house just after her appearance at the window with her book in her hand early in the morning, and returned again long after dusk in the evening, though in the street she was so closely veiled I could not catch a glimpse even of her pale sweet countenance. It was the fourth day after I had missed the fair object of my particular story, that the surviving apprentice of the shoe-maker rang at my office bell to request me to call over the way as his "boss" wanted me to see "Effie," that he thought she was dying.

I arrived in the rickety house, and in the small, fourth-story room, in time to see the pure spirit of the object of my manifold speculation breathe her last, and so transparent and unearthly she looked in her matchless beauty, that I could scarcely rid myself of the impression that she was a spirit in truth, and not a piece of clay that must yield the crumbling of corruption. But what had the brutal devil-savage—the coarse, hard drunken shoemaker to do with her? He accompanied me up into her room, saw her gentle spirit depart, and offered me a fee for what I said she had died. I refused to take it, and he said she was giving a course of private lectures on anatomy to a favored few, at his own private residence. He had a succession of subjects for dissection, which he made an especial point to obtain; and after the lecture was over on this day, and all the students had departed, Dr.—took me into an inner office, to show me what he called a "remarkable subject for dissection," which he was going to offer to the class on the succeeding afternoon. As soon as I laid my eyes upon the corpse, which was laid out smoothly and decently upon the table, I recognized it at once as that of the

young girl I had seen die, and in whom I had taken such deep interest.

"How did you come by this body?" exclaimed I, suddenly grasping the arm of the worthy doctor.

"Seeing my strange earnestness," he asked me, in a mysterious manner, if I had known the subject when alive.

"Yes, now tell me where you procured it?" "Well, to satisfy your curiosity I bought it of the sexton of the church, who sold the body in the name of the father of the girl. It appears he (the father of the dead girl) is very poor or very miserly and to avoid the expense of burying his daughter sold her body, sharing half and half with the sexton who assisted him. All things lawful in a fair trade you know."

And the doctor gave what seemed to me a very heartless laugh. But so accustomed was he to 'trade' of like nature that he looked upon a dead body much as he would upon a finely elaborated manikin.

I still continued to gaze upon the vision before me. Not a feature of the beautiful girl had altered, the same heavenly smile irradiated her in death. I bent over her more closely, the resemblance to one sleeping was so strong that I could not fancy her in aught but a gentle sleep.

"Dr.—" exclaimed I, as with a conviction of this girl is not dead. See the faint tinge of pink suffusing her cheeks. And mark also, notwithstanding the heat of the weather, there is not the slightest sign of decomposition about her."

"I believe you are right," uttered he in reply after some moments silence, during which he had carefully felt the skin of the girl and examined her in other ways.

"There is even a slight moisture on this looking glass," continued he, as he held a pocket glass before her half-parted lips. "Whatever she may become, she evidently is not dead."

All the united skill of which we were master, was however exhausted in endeavoring to restore her to animation.

It had grown to be dusk, and finding all our efforts unsuccessful we here the slender body of the girl into a room still further within, and laying her on a sofa, Dr.—lighted a small cigar, and placed it upon the mantel, he then deposited a glass and pitcher of water upon a stand near the bed, and a small decanter of light wine, and some fruit and biscuits, saying, "she may awake in the night and want a drink." Then leaving the room together, he turned the key of the door, and withdrawing it, placed it in his pocket.

With a promise to call the next morning, I left for my own lodgings.

I had been in my office but a short time when a ring at my bell proclaimed a visitor. It was the pale apprentice who had called upon me the day before to see "Effie."

"If I tell you something, doctor, will you promise that my 'boss' shall not hear me? Will you get me another if I run away? I demand the young man, with somewhat frightened looks.

"That depends upon the importance of what you tell me," I replied to the pale lad.

"It is about Effie."

"Yes," answered I, thoroughly interested. "Go on, I will make the promise you ask."

"I have found the girl's real parents. They are the — of Union Place."

"She does not look like the daughter of a cobbler," replied Dr.—

I went up into the room where the young girl was lying. She recognized me at once and also the apprentice, who was mute with astonishment, and she smiled sweetly, but said nothing. She had not yet spoken, and seemed like one in a delicious dream. Her eyes wandered from the white linen of her bed to the beautiful pictures upon the walls and the many marks of taste about the room, and then they would glance upon the benevolent and handsome face of Dr.—

"—a good wife, who was chafing Effie's pale hands with college, and performing various other genteel offices. And the lustrous brown eyes would turn upon me and then upon the apprentice, with a soft look, half of inquiry and half of dreamy content.

Dr.—went with me and the apprentice to the rhode designated by the latter as belonging to Effie's parents.

To make a story of mere circumstance and length short, the old cobbler was brought to justice. The old woman of the fourth story (whose feet I had seen out on the window sill) was the main witness against him.

The young apprentice, whose name was Ludwig, I took into my office. He was the son of a poor widow woman, who had once been better days, who belonged in fact to a noble family in Germany, but who marrying imprudently, was left in most indigent circumstances in this city, and has no alternative but to apprentice her son out. He is now (so strange are fate's chances) a physician of more than ordinary skill, his industry and application being tireless, and his natural capacity being far beyond the gifts allotted to the generality of men. He is also the happy husband of the beautiful Effie, whose grateful heart remembered the many little acts of kindness he lavished upon her when the 'poor pretence boy,' and she the hand-stitching dress-maker's girl.

Proud as Effie's parents are of their daughter and their wealth, they are just as proud of their handsome, gentlemanly, learned and successful son-in-law. The whole family, with the newly married pair, moved several years since, to the plain, beautiful country of the far West, and happy in themselves, they rejoice in the goodness of the mysteriously working Providence that restored the lost daughter to her parents and the bereaved parents to their long looking for daughter.

ANIMALS FORETELLING THE WEATHER.—It is said that the woodcock in New Jersey is building its nest this year, in open and moist places, and old hunters predict in consequence that the summer will be a dry one. There was a time when science, or what was called such, laughed at signs of this description, as no better than 'old women's tales'; but, though many of them are still unreliable, a larger observation of nature has taught that animals have an instinct, which not infrequently becomes prophetic, as in this example. At last year's meeting of the American Association for the advancement of Science, a curious paper was read on this subject, by Mr. N. B. Thomas, of Cincinnati, who had for several years studied the habits of animals in reference to the indications which might afford respecting the weather. He showed that birds, if the season was going to be a windy or wet one, build their nests in sheltered places; but if it was to be dry, in localities more exposed; that certain kinds of snails always came out and crept up the limbs of trees several days before rain; and that locusts, wasps, and other insects, were invariably to be found under leaves, and in the hollow trunks of trees, hours before a storm sets in. The sagacity thus displayed, if we call it such, seems to put the highest reason of men to shame. In vain do our most expert savans endeavor to predict the character of an approaching season, or even to foretell, a few days in advance, the condition of the weather. The woodcock that unerringly fixes its nest in the spot best suited for the coming summer, or the snail, whose tubercles begin to grow ten days before the rain they are preparing to receive, appears at first sight, to surpass the developed man. But the inferiority of those lower animals, is in the quantity of their endowments rather than in the quality; they have a single faculty developed to an extraordinary degree, while man has, as it were, faculties almost infinite. In thus adapting each organization to its special position, the wisdom of the Creator is forcibly exhibited.

"How do you know that?" "Oh, I know all that goes on in the house, and the young man smiled significantly.

"Why did you not tell of this before?" "I was afraid."

"Why do you tell me now?" "Because you looked so kind and affectionate at poor Effie when you came to see her. And don't her parents ought to have her to bury her, for I overheard boss tell his old woman that he had sold Effie's body to the doctors. Is it not horrible?"

"You can sleep in my office to-night. The old tyrant across the street can't do anything with you, for I can silence her easily by showing her my crucifix to you. You can go with me early to-morrow morning to see a friend up town. I must get the deposition of the old woman on the fourth floor as soon as possible. Do you think she will be willing to tell all she knows of this affair?"

"Oh, yes, for old Lucy hates boss for his wickedness to poor Effie and his boys."

The next morning early after dressing the apprentice, who was tall, or rather big, for his age, in a cast of suit throughout of my own, and brushing his fine, brown hair, and placing a respectable bowler upon his head, I bid him accompany me to Dr.—

His own mother would not have known him in his metamorphosis, much less his 'boss' over the way. He looked really handsome.

The first thing Dr.—said to me was—'She lives!'

A FABLE FOR STRONG MINDED WOMEN.—A vine was growing beside a thrifty oak, and had reached that height at which it required support.

"Oak," said the vine, "lend your trunk so that you may be support to me."

"My support," replied the oak, "is naturally yours, and you may depend on my strength to bend you up, but I am too large and too solid to bend. Put your arms around me, my pretty vine, and I will manfully support and cherish you, if you have ambition to climb as high as the clouds, while I thus hold you up, you will ornament my rough trunk with your pretty green leaves and scarlet berries. They will be as frontlets to my head, as I stand in the forest like a glorious warrior, with all his plumes, together, and that by our union the weak may be made strong, and the strong render aid to the weak."

"But I wish to grow independently," said the vine, "why cannot you twine around me, and let me grow up straight, and not be a mere dependent upon you?"

"Nature," answered the oak, "did not design it. It is impossible that you should grow to any height alone; and if you try it the winds and rains, if not your own weight, will bring you to the ground. Neither is it proper for you to run your arms hither and thither among the trees."

The trees will begin to say it is not my vine—it is a stranger—get thee gone! I will not cherish thee. By this time thou wilt be so entangled among the different branches that thou can't get back to the oak; and nobody will admire thee, or pity thee."

"Ah, me!" said the vine, "let me escape from such a destiny," and with this she twined herself around the oak, and both grew and flourished happily together.

### SADDLERY, HARNESS AND TRUNK MAKING.

LINNEY & WILSON

TAKE this method of expressing their thanks to the public for past favors, and of soliciting a continuance of the liberal patronage they have heretofore received. They have the honor to announce that they have just received a large stock of Carriages, Buggies, Saddle and Wagon.

LADIES' and Gentlemen's Saddles. Of every description, together with a general assortment of Carriage, Buggy, Saddle and Wagon.

HARNESS. Bridles, Collars, Martingales, Whips, Trunks, &c. &c.

As we are constantly manufacturing, we are prepared to make to order on short notice any article which may be called for in our line. We intend to do

NO BRAGGING.

About our work or prices, but ask a call from those desiring to purchase. We are willing to let them judge whether we can do as good work and at as low prices as any of our neighbors.

REPAIRING promptly attended to.

LINNEY & WILSON.

Danville, April 13, 1855 y

### BOOTS AND SHOES AT COST.

BEING desirous of confining my business exclusively to house-made work, I will close out my present stock of Eastern Boots and Shoes, AT COST for Cash. This stock embraces All Skin and Stoga Boots, and Shoes of every description. They were selected with care by a practical workman, and are warranted superior. The attention of Farmers and others purchasing for Servants' wear, is particularly invited, if they wish bargains.

JAS. LONGMOOR.

Danville, May 11, 1855 y

The Big Jack, over 164 hands high.

### REPUBLIC.

WILL stand the present season, at my farm, and will be permitted to serve the Jennets at \$50 the season, due when the Colony is taken away. Good blue grass pasture for Jennets furnished gratis, and great care taken to prevent accidents.

REPUBLIC was 2 years old the 31st of May, 1854; is now over 164 hands high, dark color, mostly nose, fine limbs, heavy body, and walks well. I have no doubt he is now the finest Jack of his age in Kentucky. He took the first premium in his class at the Fayette and Bourbon Fairs, last Fall. He was permitted to go to only a few Jennets this season.

BRUTUS J. CLAY.

Near Paris, May 11 \$5—Citizens

### A FIRST-RATE article of Green Tea.

can be found at L. DIMMITT'S.

April 13

### The University Family Medicine.

Issued under the seal, sanction and authority of The University of Free Medicine and Popular Knowledge.

Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, April 29, 1854, with a capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, mainly for the purpose of arresting the evils of Spurious Quackery.

Also, for supplying the community with reliable remedies wherever a competent Physician cannot or will not be employed, have purchased from Dr. JOHN R. ROWAND, his celebrated

Rowand's Tonic Mixture, Known for upwards of twenty-five years as the only pure and safe cure for

Fevers and Agues, &c.

### Three Times a Year!

May, September and January. All accounts made with me since the first day of January, were due the first day of this month, as I cannot buy on longer than one month. I hope my customers will come forward and settle, and commence again, for without money I cannot keep up my stock.

I will be pleased to sell to prompt customers for small profits, for cash, or 4 months.

J. B. AKIN.

may 4, '55 y

### Sweet-Meats—Apple Jam.

MADE by the Kentucky Shakers, fine article for Fruit Cakes, Pies, &c. Fine Apple Preserves—Fresh Peaches; Quince Jelly—Apple Jelly; Preserved Ginger and Peaches—Pickles. Also, a choice lot of Groceries, such as fine N. O. Sugar, Loaf, Crushed and Powdered Sugar, Java and Rio Coffee, Tea assorted, Belcher's Loaf Sugar Syrup, Sugar-house Molasses, Dried Peaches and Apples, and almost every thing else in the House-keepers line always for sale at

J. B. AKIN'S.

may 4 y

### SPRING STYLES

Hats and Caps, Boots & Shoes.

W. FIGG

HAS now on hand a fine stock of the latest Spring Styles of superior Beaver, Silk and Fur HATS. Also, various styles of fashionable Hats for Summer wear. He is now on hand a fine stock of the best French Cash-Skins and other findings, which he is as heretofore prepared to make up in the most fashionable style. Lasting and Cloth Gaiters, and all other Summer shoes promptly made to order on short notice.

may 13, '55 y

### IRON ORCHARD SPRINGS.

Additional Improvements.

THE undersigned would inform the public, that their well-known Water Place, with its noted MINERAL SPRINGS, will be re-opened for the reception of INVALIDS and PLEASURE SEEKERS by the 15th day of May. They have during the past year, made valuable improvements in their premises, among others the addition of a number of pleasant rooms. Their arrangements are such as will enable them to render their visitors in the highest degree comfortable during their stay.

The Springs are located in the vicinity of Crab Orchard, in Lincoln county, Ky., near the center of the State, and are accessible at all times by good turnpike roads leading from Louisville and Lexington, Ky., by Danville or Lancaster.

Of the qualities of the water it is unnecessary to speak. They are presumed by eminent Medical men to be the most healthy and desirable water that can be found in the United States. Chemical analysis fully supports the assumption. The variety, consisting of CHLORATE, SULPHUR, ETC., renders the place most desirable for invalids, and to the pleasure seeker, no better can be found.

The charges will be moderate, and attention always given to visitors.

J. & W. B. HARLAN.

Crab Orchard, Apr 28, 1855 3m

### IRON, HARDWARE, &c.

OUR new stock of Iron and Hardware is very large and complete. We can supply anything in that line.

WELSH & NICHOLS.

may 30, '55

### E. P. YOUNG, Attorney at Law,

DANVILLE, KY.

Will practice in the various Courts of the State, and the adjoining counties. He will act as agent for the sale or lease of Real Estate or Personal Property, and attend promptly to the collection of monies either as an Attorney or General Collector. All business entrusted to him shall be faithfully and speedily attended to, and returns punctually forwarded.

Office on Main-street, opposite Court-house.

April 13, '55 y [Apr 15, '55]

### CARRIAGE REPOSITORY!

IN DANVILLE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Boyle and the surrounding counties, that they have opened, in the large frame building belonging to C. Henderson, Esq., a few doors below Lucas's corner, a Repository for the sale of

Carriages, Buggies, Rockaways, Harnesses, &c. They have now on hand a splendid assortment of vehicles of the best quality, combining all the latest improvements. Being ourselves largely engaged in manufacturing, every vehicle we sell will be warranted to be made of the best materials by experienced workmen. They are all gotten up under our own supervision, expressly for our sales.

As we intend making Danville a permanent location for a branch of our manufacturing, we hope to receive a share of patronage. The public is respectfully invited to call and examine our present stock, as we are determined to sell at the very lowest prices which the superiority of our work will justify.

STOLL & BRINK.

April 6, '55 y y

### DUDLEY, STONE & CO.,

Commission and Forwarding

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Second Street, between Main and the River, LOUISVILLE, KY.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the purchase and sale of all kinds of Produce, and forwarding of Merchandise. CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

March 9, 1855 y

### Syrup, Molasses, &c.

ON hand and for sale, a superior article of Golden Syrup, Sugar-house Molasses, together with a large variety of Portmonies; 5,000 imported Cigars, Nottola, &c.

H. HAMILTON.

### W. & H. BURKHARDT,

417, Market Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Wholesale & Retail Grocers, DEALERS IN

Fine Groceries, Teas, Wines, Liquors, Imported Fruits, Hermetically Sealed Fruits, Preserves, Pickles, Nuts, Brooms, Wooden Ware, Baskets, &c. &c.

Jan 12, '55 y

### 50 HIDS. SUGAR.

75 Bags Prime Rio Coffee; 25 Bags Java do; 25 " Laguyra do; 50 lbs English Molasses; 50 " Sugar-House do; 100 Kaga Sup. Car. Soda; 6 Cases Cream Tartar; 100 boxes Soap; 10 " Castile Soap; 100 " Star Candles; 25 " Mould do; 10 " Spum do; 10 " Wax do; 10 " Virginia Tobacco, 2500 yd brands; 25 lbs Cranberries; 1 cask Nutmegs—1 bale Cloves; 5 bags Pepper—2 bags Allspice; 30 chests Green and Black Tea; Ground Spice, Cinnamon, Indigo, Chocolate, Cocoa and Broma—in store and constantly receiving, and for sale by

W. & H. BURKHARDT.

Louisville, mar 23

### Fruits, Nuts, &c.

20 BBLs Soft-Shell Almonds; 10 lbs Pecans; 10 lbs English Walnuts; 10 " Filberts; 10 " Cream Nuts; 10 boxes Shelled Almonds; 20 " Core Oranges; 20 " Spiced do; 20 " Fresh Peaches; 20 " Tomatoes; Prunes, Preserves, Fresh Salmon and Lobsters, and every variety of Sausages, Canned, Pickled, &c. &c., in store and constantly receiving, and for sale by

W. & H. BURKHARDT.

Louisville, mar 23











JUNE 29, 1855.

**THE KNOW-NOTHING PARTY—WHAT ARE ITS PRINCIPLES?—THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—WHAT ARE ITS PRINCIPLES?**—The Democratic editors spend about half their time in telling what the Know-Nothing principles are, and the other half in inquiring what they are. Half the time they know all about those principles, and the other half they know nothing at all about them. One day they speak of them as perfectly notorious, and the next day they treat them as a mystery that ought to be brought to light. We think that the principles of the American party might very properly be declared more authoritatively and formally than they have been, but we repeat our assertion that the distinctive principles of this party are even now more definitely marked and better understood than those of any other political party in the United States—infinitely better understood even by the Democrats themselves than Democratic principles are. If a Democrat is asked what the Know-Nothing principles are, he finds no difficulty in making a prompt answer; but, let him be asked what the principles of his own party are, and he either stands dumb or answers in vague and unintelligible generalities. We would here make a statement of the Know-Nothing principles and measures, but indeed they are so well known that even the briefest statement of them is unnecessary.

But what are the principles of the Democratic party? The organs and leaders of that party are forever talking about those principles, but we ask what those principles are in regard to any one solitary measure of national policy? We know that Democratic national conventions have assembled once in four years and adopted resolutions professing to set forth the opinions of the party upon certain subjects, but those resolutions have generally been studiously ambiguous, admitting of constructions to suit every section and every individual. The last Democratic National Convention adopted a series of vague resolutions, and the shout was every where raised that the whole party occurred in them and was a unit. Well the late Congress was elected almost immediately afterwards, and about two-thirds of the members were Democrats. And now we may inquire if upon any question whatever of national policy the overwhelming Democratic majority in Congress made even an approximation to unity of sentiment and action.

Look at the land question. The Baltimore convention passed a generalizing equivocal resolution upon the land question, and we suppose that all the Democratic members of Congress considered themselves as acting in conformity with that resolution, yet they differed from each other as widely as possible in regard to the land policy, and the President differed with a majority of them. The President, acting avowedly upon the Democratic principles, put his veto upon an important land bill which had passed both houses of the overwhelming and intensely Democratic Congress, and the reasons given for his veto were not satisfactory to a single Democrat who had voted for the measure.

Look at the internal improvement question. The Baltimore convention passed a resolution upon that subject to susceptible of different and even opposite interpretations that even the most skillful reader of riddles in the world could not fix its true meaning, for it had one. It was for internal improvements, or it was against internal improvements. It made no tangible declaration in regard to anything but "a general system of internal improvements," and it was very careful not to explain what it meant by "a general system of internal improvements." Well, the late overwhelming Democratic Congress passed an internal improvement bill in supposed conformity to the Baltimore resolution; and when the bill went back to the House of Representatives, by two to one, cast a majority for it in spite of the veto and in supposed conformity to no doubt with the Baltimore resolution.

Look at the tariff. The Baltimore convention passed a shuffling resolution in regard to the reduction of the tariff and against the principle of protection. All admitted that the tariff should be reduced, for it yielded for more revenue than was needed for an economical administration of the Government. But the late Democratic Congress, the most thoroughly Democratic Congress that the country ever had and a far more thoroughly Democratic one than it will ever be again, lived and died without reducing the tariff upon any article whatever or touching the protective principle. We hear from divers Democratic organs that a strictly revenue tariff is a strictly Democratic principle, and the Democratic President has said as much in his message, but the Democratic Congress that represented directly the Democracy of the nation neither touched the tariff nor agreed as to the principle upon which it should be touched. The Democratic members of Congress, all having their eyes fixed upon the Baltimore resolutions, differed just as much with each other as they did with the Whigs.

And we defy any Democratic organ to point a single debatable measure of national policy which came up in the last Congress, without creating an important division among the Democrats of that body. The cause of all this discord in Democratic practice is perfectly well understood. There are no such things as fixed Democratic principles. An able Southern editor justly remarks that the Democratic leaders, with an eye to the interests of their party, agree upon certain formulas of words as a substitute of their party principles—they agree upon the form of words for the sake of appearing to agree—for party purposes—for catching votes at the North and the South; but when they are called upon to put the principles into practice they immediately fall to loggerheads, because one portion of them understood the words in one sense and another in a different sense—both being perfectly aware at the same time of this double sense in which the words were understood. Thus, when the President, in his last annual message to Congress, renewed his recommendation

of a reduction of the duties on imports, "with a view to revenue and not protection," which, he added, "may now be regarded as the settled policy of the country," the Democrats, North and South, concurred in the propriety of the recommendation. Not a murmur of dissent from the Democracy was heard to mar the harmony of the general Democratic chorus which pealed forth throughout the length and breadth of the land in praise of the message. But no sooner did the President's own chosen secretary—his own revenue mouth-piece—send in to Congress his plan of reduction, than a great Democratic catarrh broke up on the public ear. The Democrat free-trade members of the Committee of Ways and Means, who had charge of the subject, objected to Mr. Guthrie's plan, and the Democratic organ at Washington, the Sentinel, which may be regarded as especially reflecting the Southern Democratic free-trade views, fell aboard of the Democratic Secretary of the Treasury's Democratic plan of reduction in the most savage manner! And, as we said before, the Democratic Congress began and closed its life without laying a finger upon the tariff.

We ask, then, what are Democratic principles? Isn't it amusing, very amusing, to hear the Democratic organs denouncing the American party as a party of unknown principles? Does not every man of ordinary intelligence in the nation know more of the American party's distinctive principles in one minute than the whole Democratic party will ever know of its own principles in all its life?

Lou. Jour.

# GENUINE SPANISH CIGARS.

I HAVE now on hand and for sale at either wholesale or retail, a good stock of very superior Spanish Cigars.

**Spanish Cigars.**  
Warranted Genuine!  
These Cigars are not the inferior German Cigars which are so often palmed upon the public but are manufactured of fine Havana Tobacco. Those who desire to use Genuine Spanish Cigars, will find my present stock to comprise that kind of Cigars which I still continue to manufacture.

**Half-Spanish Cigars.**  
The quality of which is too well known to require mention. I have also a supply of superior

**CHEWING TOBACCO.**  
Embracing No. 1 Virginia, Missouri and Kentucky. Havana and Common Smoking Tobacco. Pipes, and every thing else in my line of business, all of which I am prepared to sell cheap for cash, at the Old Established Danville Cigar Manufactory.

Thankful for the liberal patronage extended to me during many years past, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, promising to sell the best quality of Cigars and Tobacco at fair prices.

G. F. CORNELIUS.

Feb 23, '55

# MERCHANT TAILORING.

A. W. BARKER,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his old friends and the public that he has opened a shop on Main street, two doors above Caldwell's corner, for the purpose of carrying on the Tailoring business in all its branches. He has just received a small stock of superior

**CLOTHS,**

Cassimeres and Vestings,

Which he is prepared to cut and make up in the best and most fashionable style, and on reasonable terms.

He solicits a call from those desiring anything in his line, promising that he will do all in his power to give satisfaction to all who may patronize him.

Danville, March 23, 1855.

# CHAIN PUMPS.

REYBURN & COX,

Manufacturers of Chain Pumps,

BOYLE COUNTY, KY.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Boyle and the adjoining counties, that they are now prepared to put up Chain Pumps in Wells or Cisterns, from 5 to 35 feet deep, and will warrant them to work well, and give entire satisfaction. They will work well even to the depth of 40 feet, in most wells. Among the many advantages these Pumps have over all others, is, that they are not subject to freezing, and work as free in the coldest as in the hottest weather. The Chain Pump is simple in its construction, and not liable to get out of repair.

Mr. Messrs. J. F. Bell, W. R. Orr, Jas. F. Zimmerman, and others in Danville and the surrounding country, are now using our Pumps, and we refer those who may wish to procure one, to Mr. J. F. Bell, or to Mr. J. F. Zimmerman, at the Tribune Office, in Danville.

Orders are respectfully solicited, and will be promptly attended to.

REYBURN & COX.

March 30, 1855.

# PUMPS.

JUST received, direct from the manufacturer in New York, a large supply of various descriptions of **ANTI-FREEZING PUMPS** of every superior quality—suitable for any well or cistern from 5 to 60 feet deep. I am selling them low for cash. Call and see.

GEO. W. COLLINS.

Aug 18, '54

# CABINET MAKING.

JONA. NICHOLS

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he will continue the Cabinet Making business in all its branches, at the late stand of Noel & Nichols, (the old Speed shop,) opposite the Court House. All kinds of

**Furniture, Mattresses, &c.**

Will be made to order, of the best materials, on short notice. REPAIRING also promptly attended to. He hopes by giving strict attention to his business, by good workmanship and moderate charges, to merit and receive a continuance of patronage.

W. I. MOORE.

March 16, '55

# FUNERAL CALLS.

Having a supply of **Pick's Metallic BURIAL CASES**, and having retained the use of a good two-horse HEARSE, I am still prepared to attend funeral calls at any hour in town or country. Wooden Coffins made to order as heretofore.

JONA. NICHOLS.

Jan 5, 1855

# Large Store Room for Rent

FOR RENT, the large Store Room recently occupied by Mr. Jas. M. Nichols, on the corner of Main and 3d streets, Danville, Ky. Call on C. HENDERSON.

March 9, '55

# EMPORIUM OF FASHION. READY-MADE CLOTHING.

The Largest Stock in Danville, VERY CHEAP FOR CASH!!

H. JACOBS,

Main street, between McGrorty's and Stout's Drug Stores,

I now receiving his Spring and Summer Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, of the latest styles, and which he invites the attention of the public. These goods were bought with care, and are well made, of good materials. The stock embraces everything in the Clothing line, together with a fine supply of

SHIRTS, COLLARS, CRAVATS, SCARVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, HATS AND CATS, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS,

**INDIA-RUBBER GOODS,**

Coats, Leggings and Caps. I invite the gentlemen of Danville and the surrounding country to call and examine my stock, as I feel confident that I can suit them both in the quality of my goods and the lowness of my prices. I am determined to allow no one to undersell me.

Of every description, for youths from 8 years old upwards.

**Clothing for Servants—a large stock.**

Having employed an experienced CUTTER and TAILOR, I am constantly manufacturing Clothing to order, either of goods purchased elsewhere or those brought of me, as my stock embraces the latest styles of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS. No run—no ray!

Cash Dealers will find it greatly to their interest to call on me before they purchase for others. Such persons are invited to compare my goods and prices with those of other establishments.—Remember the place, and look for the sign of

H. JACOBS

Danville, April 13, 1855

# 1855. SPRING IMPORTATION 1855

AT THE

**MARBLE PALACE**

**CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS HOUSE**

W. B. MORROW & CO.

WE are now receiving the most complete stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever brought to this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms for cash. One of our firms has been in the East for some time, purchasing the bulk of our Goods from the most reliable sources, and usually held in the Eastern cities at this season, and pos- sessing facilities for procuring Goods at the lowest Cash Prices, we feel assured we can sell out such inducements as will make it to the interest of all wishing Goods to purchase on Cash. Among our stock will be found the largest assortments of

**FANCY DRESS GOODS,**

Black Gro de Rhine Silks, Tissues, Plain Jaconets, Plain de Indes, Challies, Plain Swisses, Fig'd and Striped do, Lawns, Brillantes, Chemises, Kid Boots & Bussins, Silk, Nett Mitts, Lining Cloths, Ribbons, &c.

500 pcs Madras colored Calicos.

**In the Ladies' Department,**

Our stock will be found very complete, embracing Goods of every kind, style and quality, to which their attention is particularly requested.

As the latest Spring Styles do not arrive in the Eastern cities until about the middle of March, we have paid particular attention to procure them; by remaining in the East until after the arrival of the latest consignments, and are thus enabled to offer the very latest and newest Fashions! We have also a very complete assortment of Gentlemen's Cloths and Furnishing Goods:

Black and Fancy Goods, Silk Vestings, Merinoes, Italian Cloth, Linen Duck, French Tweeds, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Mattings, &c.

Call soon and examine this Mammoth Stock, and we will endeavor to please all who favor us with a visit.

W. B. MORROW & CO.

March 30, 1855

# BEST IMPORTATION NEW CASH STORE!

1855. SPRING. 1855.

J. L. & W. H. Waggener

ARE now in receipt of a large and varied assortment of

**Spring and Summer Goods,**

Selected with care by one of the firm, from the best Eastern sources. Our stock will be found to embrace the latest and most fashionable styles of

**DRESS GOODS,**

Comprising many beautiful patterns; Lace Goods, Collars, Chemises, Handkerchiefs, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c., &c., to all of which we invite the attention of the Ladies. We have also a highly superior stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings;

Linen and Cotton Goods for Summer wear;

Irish Linens, Brown Linens, Bleached Cottons;

Table Linen and Curtain Goods;

Coarse Goods for Servants;

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps;

Hardware, Cutlery, &c. &c.

We have in addition to the above, imported an unusually large supply of

**CHINA,**

**GLASS AND QUEENWARE,**

Of many different styles and prices. As we intend to keep a large and well-assorted stock of such wares on hand, we invite a call from those desiring to purchase, as we feel confident we shall be able to please them both in quality and price.

Having purchased our Goods for Cash, at Cash prices, we are enabled to offer unusual inducements to our customers. We shall also continue to sell on favorable terms to prompt-paying customers, on time. We consider it no trouble to show our Goods, and will always be pleased to do so. Give us a call, if it is only to see our stock and learn our low prices.

J. L. & W. H. WAGGENER

March 16, '55

# SPRING & SUMMER 1855.

W. I. MOORE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Main St., Danville, Ky.

I AM now receiving my Spring and Summer stock of Goods

**For Gentlemen's Wear;**

Which consists of the very best articles of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings. I have every thing necessary to furnish a gentleman's wardrobe in the best and most fashionable style. These Goods I have selected with special care, and now offer them as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought at retail in any market in the country.

Gentlemen wishing anything in my line, cannot do better than to give me a call. "At least that is my opinion."

W. I. MOORE.

I would call special attention to my recent importation of

**NEW STYLE HATS,**

Also, Fine SHIRTS, Collars, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods in general.

W. I. M.

March 16, '55

# TO OLD SOLDIERS.

THE undersigned would announce to all Officers, Soldiers, Chaplains, Wagon Masters, Seamen, and Mariners, the Widows and Minor children of such as are dead, who have been engaged in any of the wars of the United States since the year 1790, that they are, by a recent Act of Congress, entitled to a "Certificate or Warrant from the Department of the Interior," for one hundred and sixty acres of LAND, or for such quantity of LAND as may make, in the whole, what they have heretofore received, one hundred and sixty acres, and I am now prepared to prosecute all such claims upon very reasonable terms.

I can be seen, at any time, at my office in Danville, opposite the Court-house.

SPEED S. FRY.

March 16, '55

# HOTELS.

# CENTRAL HOUSE.

THE undersigned, late proprietor of the "Central House," has taken for a term of years, that large and commodious public house, so long known in all the South and West, as the "CENTRAL HOUSE," and having refitted and furnished the same, is now prepared to accommodate all, whether local or transient, persons who may favor him with a call. His long experience in the business of Hotel keeping, and his earnest desire to please all his guests, will, he hopes, justify him in saying, that at the "CENTRAL HOUSE" every thing may be found to render his guests comfortable and happy. Thankful to his old friends, they need not be assured that the same kindly welcome will greet them, and successful efforts made to please them. Intending to furnish the best of the country affords, his customers may always rely upon getting it, and at such prices as will regard as very reasonable. A liberal share of the public patronage, therefore, is desired, and the undersigned hopes it will be extended to him.

W. A. HARNES.

Danville, Mar 9, '55

# LIVERY STABLE.

ATTACHED to the "Central House," and under the immediate superintendence of JAMES W. FARRIS, is a Livery and Saddle Stable, at which, at all times,

Horses, Buggies and Carriages

May be Hired.

Mr. FARRIS having a long experience in the business, will Nick, Break and Fit up Horses in the best possible style. They will also be taken at Livery by the Day, Week or Month, and the utmost possible care taken to render perfect satisfaction. Their charges shall be reasonable and perfectly satisfactory. They respectfully request a fair share of the public patronage.

March 9, '55

# REDDING HOUSE.

G. A. ARMSTRONG,

Shelbyville, Ky.

Oct 6, '54

# BATTERTON HOUSE.

DANVILLE, KY.

THE undersigned having purchased this large and commodious Hotel, prepared to accommodate Travelers, Merchants, and the public generally, in the best style. By strict attention to the comfort of patrons, by keeping a good Table, and having competent assistants, and polite, experienced servants, he hopes to sustain the widely spread and enviable reputation of this house.

THE STAGES for Lexington, Louisville, Crab Orchard, Lebanon, &c., arrive at and depart from this house. There is attached to it a large STABLE, where Horses, Buggies, Carriages, &c., can be hired at all times.

WM. M. FIELDS.

Sept 23, '54

# The Renowned Stallion, OLIVER,

WILL remain at the stables of the subscriber, near Danville, and will serve mares at \$10 the season, and \$15 to insure. For particulars, see bills.

S. DAVENPORT.

Feb 23, '55

# TELEGRAPH.

The Largest Jack South of Kentucky River.

WILL make the present season 3 miles west of Danville, at the low price of \$30 to insure a colt. Telegraph is near 16 months high, his sire Monte, imported from France, was by old Tippecanoe, his dam Fortune, was by old Tippecanoe. Mammoth and Tippecanoe each claimed 16 hands without shoes. Telegraph will be 5 years old in July next. I have seen a fine of his colts, and think they cannot be best for size by any Jack colts from Jennets of the same size. He will have colts to come this spring. That can be seen in the stables of Boyle, Mercer, Garrard, Jessamine and Lincoln. He is full bred.

Three years old in Aug next, will be permitted to serve a few Jennets at \$20 to insure. Jennets from a distance will be taken care of on reasonable terms; great care taken to prevent accidents or escapes, but no liability should either happen. All persons interested in the Jennet stock are invited to call and see said Jack before putting elsewhere, and judge for themselves. Send on your Jennets.

D. A. KNOX.

Boyle co., March 9, '55

# Jacks for Sale.

I HAVE THREE FINE YOUNG JACKS, about 3 years old, for sale on reasonable terms. Persons desiring to purchase such stock, are invited to call and examine these animals.

J. R. WEISGER.

Danville, March 2, '55

# Paints and Varnishes.

JUST received by WELSH & NICHOLS—150 kegs pure White Lead; 100 lbs Paris and Chrome Green; 100 lbs White Varnish; 100 lbs Black Varnish.

In short, everything in that line. Also, a large lot of Paint and Varnish Brushes.

April 13

# Hats—Hats—Hats!

KNOW NOTHING, Kansas, Shanghai, and other fashionable Fur Hats—a large assortment for sale cheap. Also, latest style Silk Hats.

HENRY JACOBS.

April 23, 1855

# GUN-SMITHING.

J. C. SHORT

TO Main street, a few doors above the Central House, where he will be pleased to see all who wish anything in his line. He desires respectfully to return his thanks to the public generally for their patronage heretofore, and to invite their attention to his present stock of

Double and Single RIFLES and SHOT-GUNS; Colt and French Revolvers; Single and Double Self-Loading Pistols, of various sizes; Bowie Knives of all sizes and qualities; Game Bags; Shot Bags; Powder Flasks and Horns; Patent Wadling; Lead; Powder, Shot and Caps, of the best quality.

All of which will be sold low for Cash. Persons wishing to purchase any of the above articles, will do well to call and examine before buying elsewhere.

Double and Single RIFLES and SHOT-GUNS; Colt and French Revolvers; Single and Double Self-Loading Pistols, of various sizes; Bowie Knives of all sizes and qualities; Game Bags; Shot Bags; Powder Flasks and Horns; Patent Wadling; Lead; Powder, Shot and Caps, of the best quality.

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